# **Volumes Part 2: Washers and Shells**

#### Goal:

- Can determine the volume of solids after rotation around any line.
- Can use washers and discs to find the volume of a shape.
- Can determine the volume of solids after rotation using shells

#### Terminology:

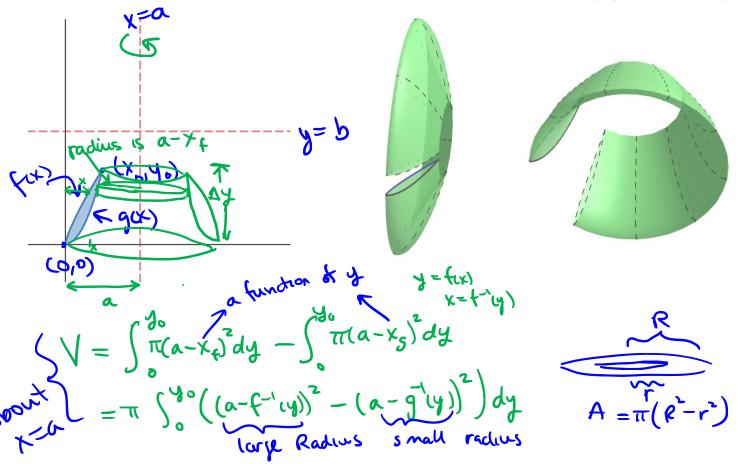
None

## **Volume using washers:**

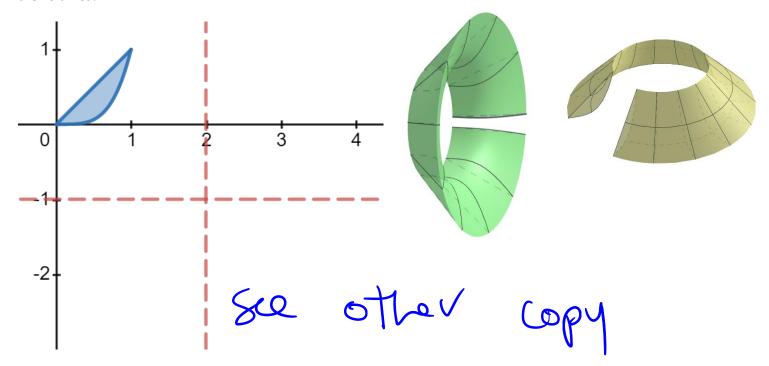
The region bound between the two one-to-one functions y = f(x) and y = g(x) is rotated around

- a. The line x = a
- b. The line y = b

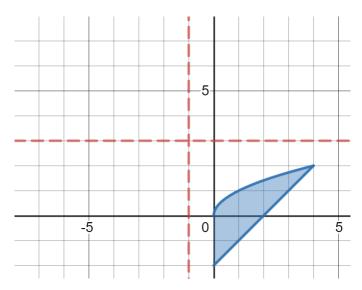
Write the expression for the volume formed. The curves intersect at the origin and the point  $(x_0, y_0)$  and  $\forall x \in (0, x_0)$ 



**Practice:** The region bound between the curves y = x and  $y = x^4$  is rotated about the line x = 2 and y = -1. What are the volumes?



**Practice**: Determine the volume of the shape made by rotating the region bound between  $y=\sqrt{x}$  and y=x-2 and the y-axis after rotating it around the line x=-1 and y=3

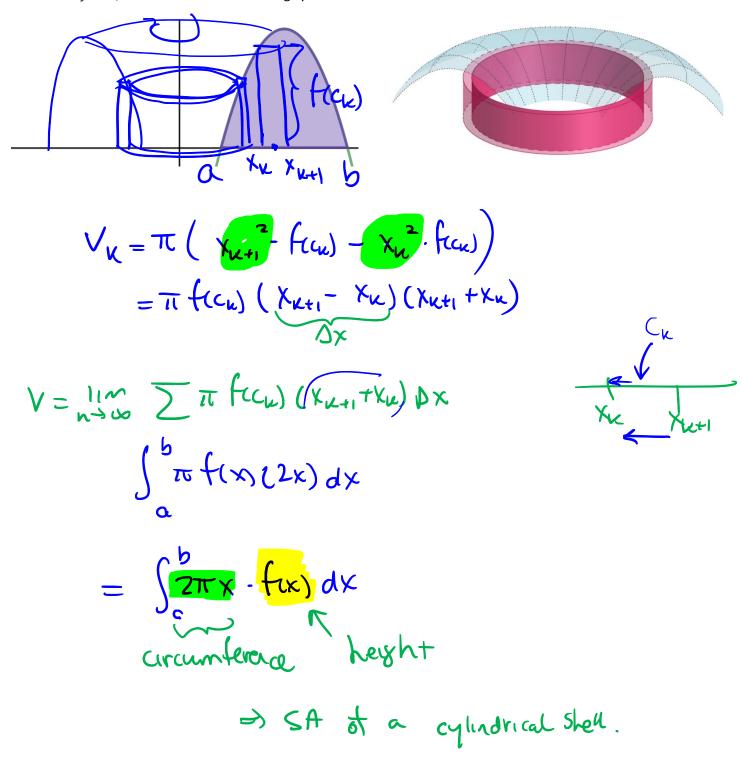


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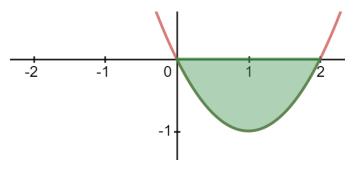
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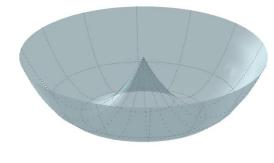
## **Volume using Shells:**

Given a region bound between the function y = f(x) (not 1-to-1) and the x-axis on the interval  $x \in [a, b]$  and rotated around the y-axis, define a Riemann sum using cylinders whose limit is the desired volume.



**Practice**: Determine the volume formed when the region bound between the curve  $y = x^2 - 2x$  and the x-axis on the interval  $x \in [0,2]$  is rotated about the y-axis

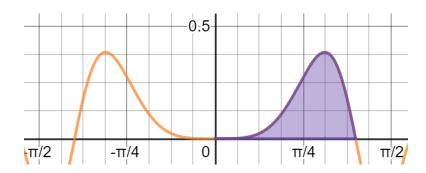


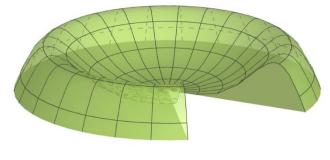


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Take the same area and rotate it about the line x=-1 instead. What is the new volume?

**Practice:** Determine the volume made when the region enclosed between  $y = \sin^2 x^2 \cdot \cos x^2$  and the x-axis on the interval  $x \in \left[0, \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\right]$  after being rotated about the y-axis.





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