

# The Derivative

**Goal:**

- Can use proper derivative notation to describe the slope of a curve
- Can determine if a function is differentiable based on its graph
- Understands that derivative is just another word for slope.

**Terminology:**

- Differentiable

**Review:** Write the slope of the tangent line to the curve  $f(x)$  at the point  $x = c$ .

Now that we are comfortable using this limit, we are going to define this slope at the general point  $x$  the **derivative**.

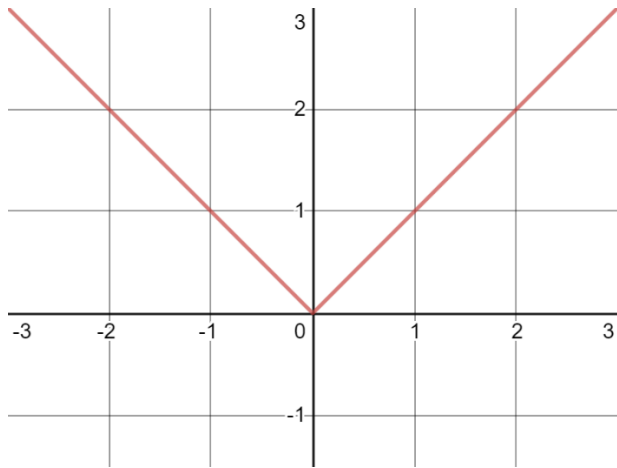
**Notation:** There are two ways we are going to talk about the derivative

1. Leibnitz's DX Notation

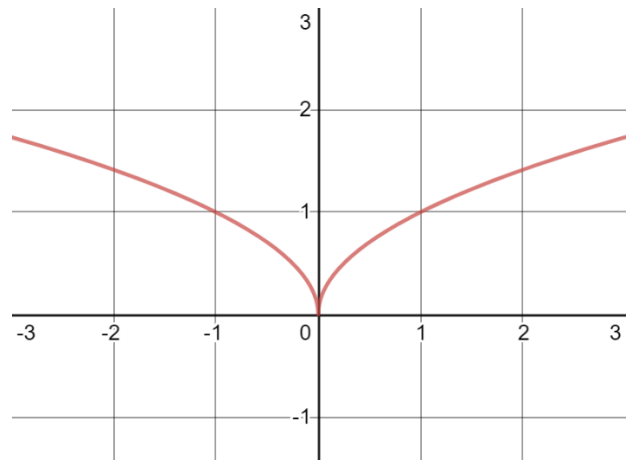
2. Newton's Prime Noation

Graph the derivatives of the following functions

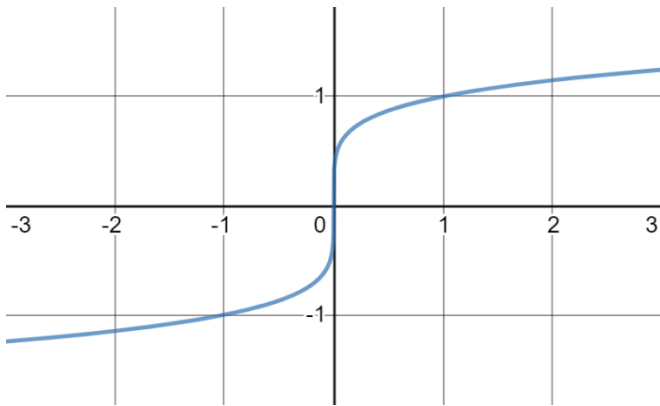
1.  $f(x) = |x|$



2.  $g(x) = \sqrt{|x|}$

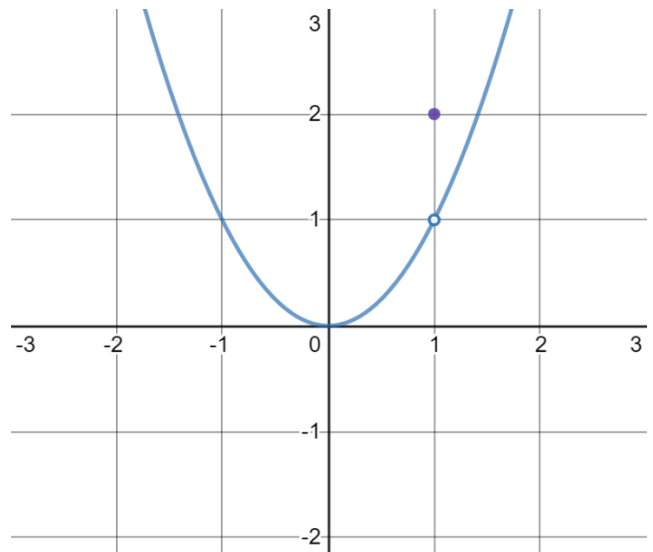


3.  $h(x) = \sqrt[5]{x}$



4.

$$k(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & x \neq 1 \\ 2, & x = 1 \end{cases}$$

**Practice Problems:** 2.1: # 2-4, 6, 9, 10, 12, 13

# 1, 11, 14-16



## In Class Evidence

6. If  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ , find  $f'(3)$  and use it to find the equation of the tangent to the curve  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  at the point  $(3, \frac{1}{3})$ .

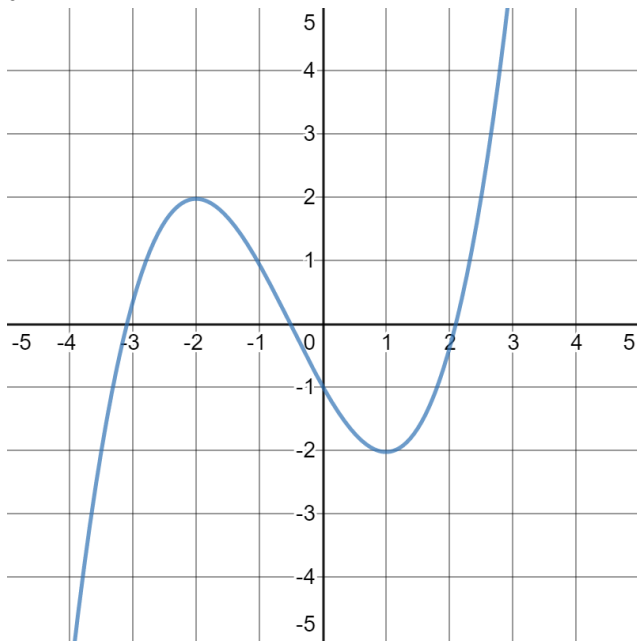
12. Find the derivative  $\frac{dy}{dx}$

c.  $y = x + \frac{1}{x}$

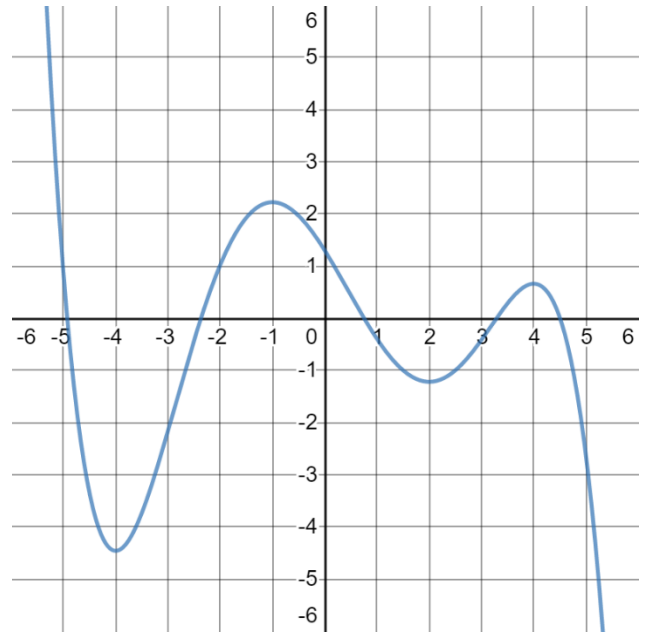
b.  $y = 3x^3 + 2x$

13. Given the graphs of  $f$ , sketch the graph of  $f'$ .

a.



b.



15. Show that  $f(x) = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$  is NOT differentiable at  $x = 0$  and sketch the curve.

