

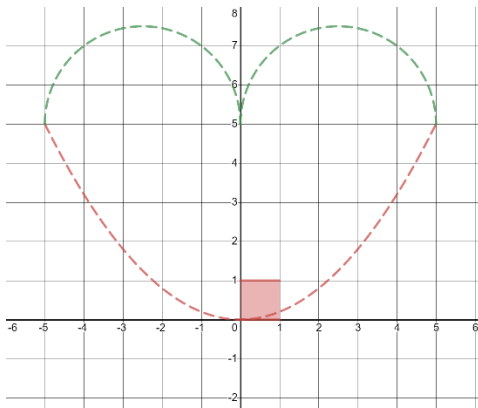
Function Translations

<p>KNOW Be able identify when a function was shifted left or right (and up or down) based on the mapping or function notation</p>	<p>DO Use Desmos and Geogebra to graph translations. Use correct mapping and function notation to describe a translation. Graph a translation accurately by hand. Determine the translation based on how points have moved.</p>	<p>UNDERSTAND <i>Transformations:</i> Can explain why translations left/right are opposite in function form. Can explain how vertical characteristics (range, y-intercepts, horizontal asymptotes) change by shifting up/down and how horizontal characteristics (domain, zeros and vertical asymptotes) change by shifting left/right</p>
<p>Vocab & Notation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The plane of real numbers: \mathbb{R}^2 • Translation • Function Characteristics 		

We are going to be looking at how we can transform 2D space and functions that occupy space using mapping.

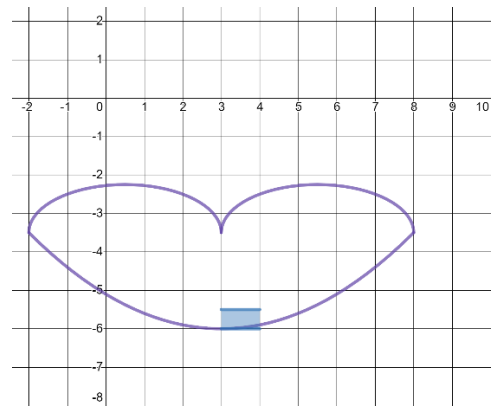
$$T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$T: (x, y) \mapsto (u, v)$$



$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$f: x \mapsto y$$



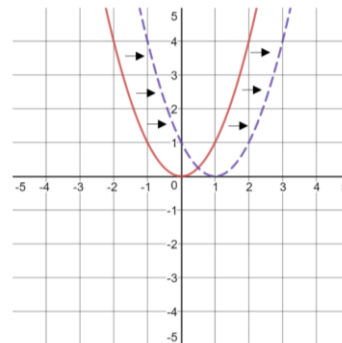
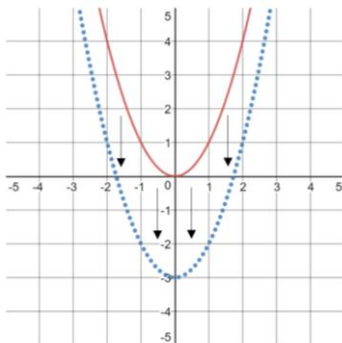
$$g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$g: u \mapsto v$$

Definition: When a transformation moves 2D space horizontally and vertically this is called a **translation** and the mapping notation looks like:

$$T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

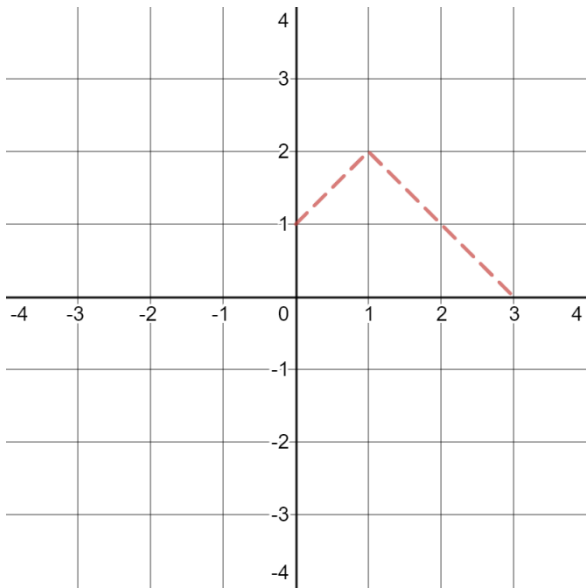
$$T: (x, y) \mapsto (x + c, y + d)$$



For a **vertical translation**, we shift space up and down and we apply the transformation:

$$T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$T: (x, y) \mapsto (x, y + d)$$

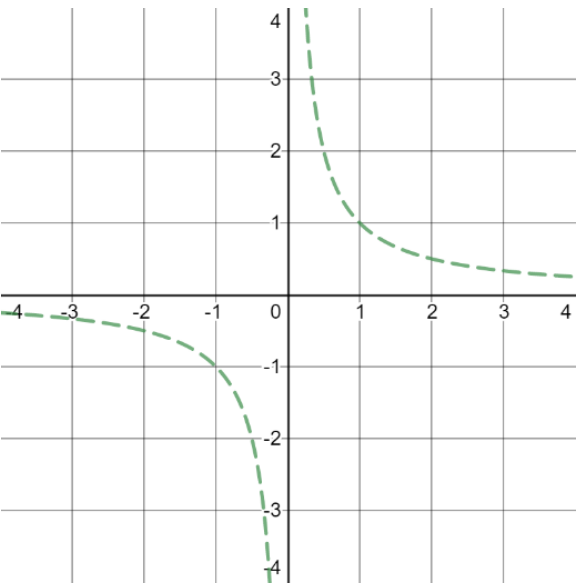


Example: $T: (x, y) \mapsto (x, y - 3)$

For a **horizontal translation**, we shift the function left and right and apply the transformation:

$$T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$T: (x, y) \mapsto (x + c, y)$$



Example: $T: (x, y) \mapsto (x + 2, y)$

Composition Domain/Range Practice:

Given $f(x) = 2|x| - 9$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{1-x}$ determine the domain and range of $g \circ f$

Determine the domain and range of $f \circ g$