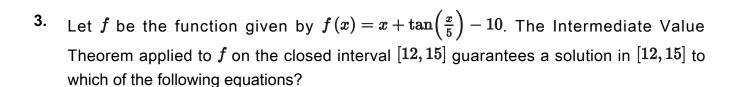
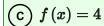
AP Calculus AB

- 1. Let f be the function given by $f(x)=\frac{|x^2-3|\cdot(x+0.5)}{(x^2-3)(x+0.5)}$. On which of the following open intervals is f continuous?
- $\bigcirc A \quad (-2,-1)$
- (B) (-1,0)
- \bigcirc (0,1)
- \bigcirc (1,2)
- 2. $f(x)=\begin{cases}e^{bx}&\text{for }x\leq 2\\1.5x+b&\text{for }x>2\end{cases}$ Let f be the function defined above. For what values of b is f continuous at x=2?
- (A) 0.508 only
- (B) 0.647 only
- (c) -1.282 and 0.508
- \bigcirc **D** -2.998 and 0.647



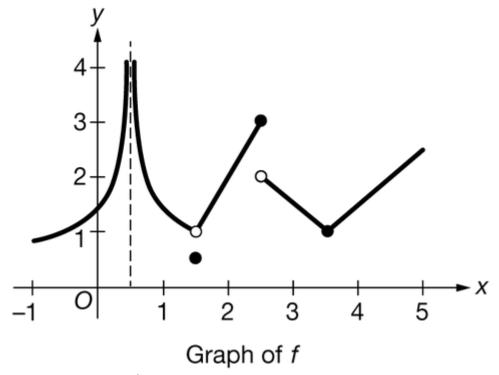
- (A) f(x) = -10
- $\bigcirc \quad f(x)=0$





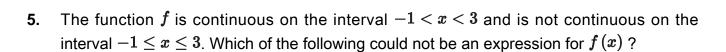
 \bigcirc f(x)=14

4.



The graph of the function f is shown above. On which of the following intervals is f continuous?

- (A) (-1,1)
- \bigcirc B) (1,2)
- (c) (2,3)
- \bigcirc (3,5)



- (c) (x+1)(x-3)
- 6. $g\left(x
 ight)=\left\{egin{array}{ll} rac{x^2-9}{4x+12} & ext{for } x
 eq -3 \ k & ext{for } x=-3 \end{array}
 ight.$

Let g be the function defined above, where k is a constant. For what value of k is g continuous at x=-3?

- \bigcirc A -3
- \bigcirc B $-\frac{3}{2}$
- $\bigcirc -\frac{3}{4}$
- (D) 0
- 7. $f(x) = egin{cases} c + cx x^2 & ext{for } x < 3 \ 7 & ext{for } x = 3 \ 2c + rac{3}{x-2} & ext{for } x > 3 \end{cases}$

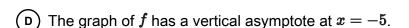
Let f be the function defined above. For what value of c, if any, is f continuous at x=3?

- (A) 2
- (B) 4
- (c) 6
- \bigcirc There is no such c.



8. The function h is defined by $h(x) = \frac{x^2-7}{x-3}$. Which of the following statements must be true?

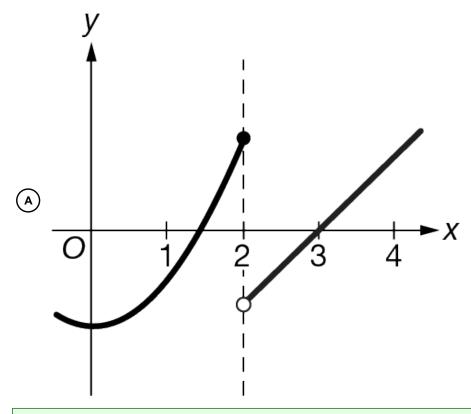
- $igotimes_{x o 3^-} h(x) = -\infty \ {
 m and} \ \lim_{x o 3^+} h(x) = -\infty$
- $egin{aligned} egin{aligned} egin{aligned\\ egin{aligned} egi$
- $igcup_{x o 3^-} h(x) = -\infty ext{ and } \lim_{x o 3^+} h(x) = +\infty$
- $igodel{\operatorname{D}} \lim_{x o 3^-} h(x) = +\infty ext{ and } \lim_{x o 3^+} h(x) = +\infty$
- 9. Let f be a function such that $\lim_{x\to 5^-} f(x) = \infty$. Which of the following statements must be true?
- $\bigcap_{x\to 5^+} f(x) = \infty$
- (B) f is undefined at x = 5.
- \bigcirc The graph of f has a vertical asymptote at x=5.

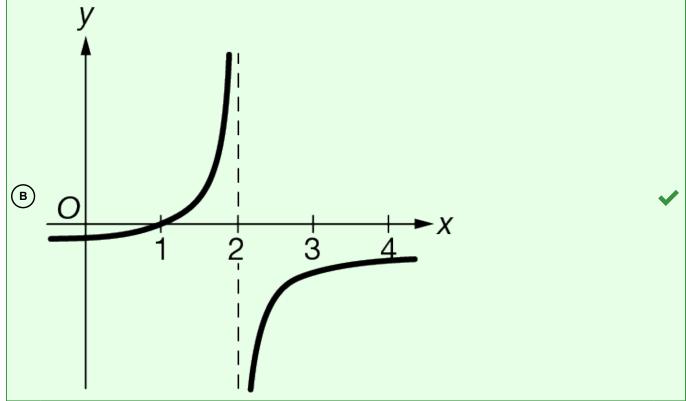


10. Let f be a function of x. If $\lim_{x\to 2^-} f(x) = +\infty$ and $\lim_{x\to 2^+} f(x) = -\infty$, which of the following could be a graph of f?

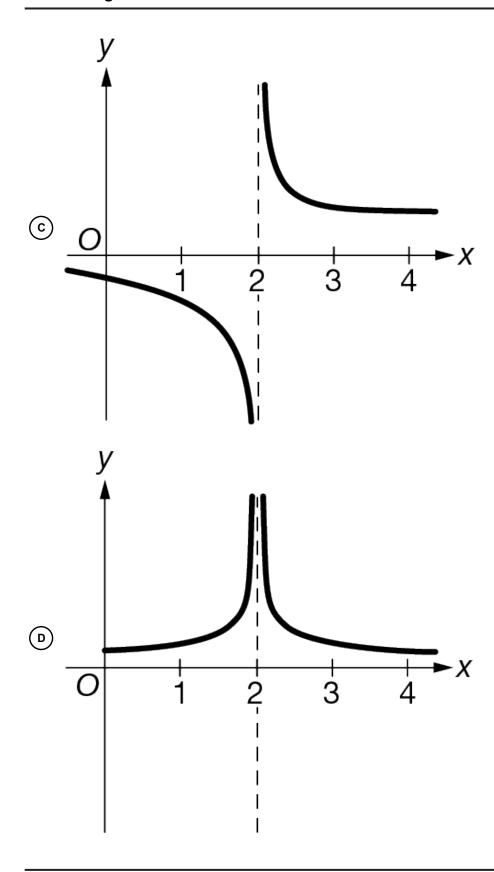
AP Calculus AB

Unit 1 Progress Check: MCQ Part C





AP Calculus AB



AP Calculus AB

- 11. Let f be the function defined by $f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{x+1}$. Which of the following statements are true?
 - 1. The graph of f has a horizontal asymptote at y=2 because $\lim_{x o \infty} f(x) = 2$.
 - 2. The graph of f has a horizontal asymptote at y=2 because $\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x)=2$.
 - 3. The graph of f has a vertical asymptote at x=-1 because $\lim_{x o -1^+} f(x) = \infty$
- (A) I only
- (B) III only
- © I and II only
- D I, II, and III



- **12.** The population on an island is modeled by $P(t) = \frac{6000}{40 + 60e^{-0.03t}}$ for $t \ge 0$, where P(t) is the number of people on the island after t years. What is $\lim_{t \to \infty} P(t)$?
- (A) 60
- B 100
- © 150



- (D) 6000
- 13. Let f be the function defined by $f(x)=\frac{3x^{20}}{4e^x+8x^{20}}$ for x>0. Which of the following is a horizontal asymptote to the graph of f?

AP Calculus AB

Unit 1 Progress Check: MCQ Part C





- $\bigcirc y = \frac{3}{4}$
- \bigcirc There is no horizontal asymptote to the graph of f.
- **14.** Let f be a function such that f(5) < 6 < f(7). Which of the following statements provides sufficient additional information to conclude that there is a value x = c in the interval [5,7] such that f(c) = 6?
- $ig(\mathbf{A} ig) f$ is defined for all x.
- (B) f is increasing for all x.





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- **15.** Let f be a function of x. Which of the following statements, if true, would guarantee that there is a number c in the interval [-2,3] such that f(c)=10?

Board AP Calculus AB Scoring Guide

Unit 1 Progress Check: MCQ Part C

- $oxed{f A}$ f is increasing on the interval [-2,3], where f(-2)=0 and f(3)=20.
- (B) f is increasing on the interval [-2,3], where f(-2)=15 and f(3)=30.
- $oxed{c}$ f is continuous on the interval [-2,3], where f(-2)=0 and f(3)=20.



igcap D f is continuous on the interval [-2,3], where f(-2)=15 and f(3)=30.