## Unit 1 Progress Check: MCQ Part C

1. Let $f$ be the function given by $f(x)=\frac{\left|x^{2}-3\right| \cdot(x+0.5)}{\left(x^{2}-3\right)(x+0.5)}$. On which of the following open intervals is $f$ continuous?
(A) $(-2,-1)$
(B) $(-1,0)$
(C) $(0,1)$
(D) $(1,2)$
2. $f(x)= \begin{cases}e^{b x} & \text { for } x \leq 2 \\ 1.5 x+b & \text { for } x>2\end{cases}$

Let $f$ be the function defined above. For what values of $b$ is $f$ continuous at $x=2$ ?
(A) 0.508 only
(B) 0.647 only
(C) -1.282 and 0.508
(D) -2.998 and 0.647
3. Let $f$ be the function given by $f(x)=x+\tan \left(\frac{x}{5}\right)-10$. The Intermediate Value Theorem applied to $f$ on the closed interval [12,15] guarantees a solution in [12, 15] to which of the following equations?

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(A) $f(x)=-10$
(B) $f(x)=0$
(C) $f(x)=4$
(D) $f(x)=14$
4.


The graph of the function $f$ is shown above. On which of the following intervals is $f$ continuous?

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(A) $(-1,1)$
(B) $(1,2)$
(C) $(2,3)$
(D) $(3,5)$
5. The function $f$ is continuous on the interval $-1<x<3$ and is not continuous on the interval $-1 \leq x \leq 3$. Which of the following could not be an expression for $f(x)$ ?
(A) $\frac{x+1}{x-3}$
(B) $\frac{x-3}{x+1}$
(C) $(x+1)(x-3)$
(D) $\frac{1}{(x+1)(x-3)}$
6. $g(x)= \begin{cases}\frac{x^{2}-9}{4 x+12} & \text { for } x \neq-3 \\ k & \text { for } x=-3\end{cases}$

Let $g$ be the function defined above, where $k$ is a constant. For what value of $k$ is $g$ continuous at $x=-3$ ?

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(A) -3
(B) $-\frac{3}{2}$
(C) $-\frac{3}{4}$
(D) 0
7. $f(x)= \begin{cases}c+c x-x^{2} & \text { for } x<3 \\ 7 & \text { for } x=3 \\ 2 c+\frac{3}{x-2} & \text { for } x>3\end{cases}$

Let $f$ be the function defined above. For what value of $c$, if any, is $f$ continuous at $x=3$ ?
(A) 2
(B) 4
(C) 6
(D) There is no such $c$.
8. The function $h$ is defined by $h(x)=\frac{x^{2}-7}{x-3}$. Which of the following statements must be true?

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(A) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3^{-}} h(x)=-\infty$ and $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3^{+}} h(x)=-\infty$
(B) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3^{-}} h(x)=+\infty$ and $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3^{+}} h(x)=-\infty$
(C) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3^{-}} h(x)=-\infty$ and $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3^{+}} h(x)=+\infty$
(D) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3^{-}} h(x)=+\infty$ and $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3^{+}} h(x)=+\infty$
9. Let $f$ be a function such that $\lim _{x \rightarrow 5^{-}} f(x)=\infty$. Which of the following statements must be true?
(A) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 5^{+}} f(x)=\infty$
(B) $f$ is undefined at $x=5$.
(C) The graph of $f$ has a vertical asymptote at $x=5$.
(D) The graph of $f$ has a vertical asymptote at $x=-5$.
10. Let $f$ be a function of $x$. If $\lim _{x \rightarrow 2^{-}} f(x)=+\infty$ and $\lim _{x \rightarrow 2^{+}} f(x)=-\infty$, which of the following could be a graph of $f$ ?

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(c)



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11. Let $f$ be the function defined by $f(x)=\frac{2 x+3}{x+1}$. Which of the following statements are true?
12. The graph of $f$ has a horizontal asymptote at $y=2$ because $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)=2$.
13. The graph of $f$ has a horizontal asymptote at $y=2$ because $\lim _{x \rightarrow-\infty} f(x)=2$.
14. The graph of $f$ has a vertical asymptote at $x=-1$ because $\lim _{x \rightarrow-1^{+}} f(x)=\infty$.
(A) I only
(B) III only
C. I and II only
(D) I, II, and III
15. The population on an island is modeled by $P(t)=\frac{6000}{40+60 e^{-0.03 t}}$ for $t \geq 0$, where $P(t)$ is the number of people on the island after $t$ years. What is $\lim _{t \rightarrow \infty} P(t)$ ?
(A) 60
(B) 100
(C) 150
(D) 6000
16. Let $f$ be the function defined by $f(x)=\frac{3 x^{20}}{4 e^{x}+8 x^{20}}$ for $x>0$. Which of the following is a horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f$ ?

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(A) $y=0$
(B) $y=\frac{3}{8}$
(C) $y=\frac{3}{4}$
(D) There is no horizontal asymptote to the graph of $f$.
14. Let $f$ be a function such that $f(5)<6<f(7)$. Which of the following statements provides sufficient additional information to conclude that there is a value $x=c$ in the interval $[5,7]$ such that $f(c)=6$ ?
(A) $f$ is defined for all $x$.
(B) $f$ is increasing for all $x$.
(C) $f$ is continuous for all $x$.
(D) There is a value $x=c$ in the interval $[5,7]$ such that $\lim _{x \rightarrow c} f(x)=6$.
15. Let $f$ be a function of $x$. Which of the following statements, if true, would guarantee that there is a number $c$ in the interval $[-2,3]$ such that $f(c)=10 ?$

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(A) $f$ is increasing on the interval $[-2,3]$, where $f(-2)=0$ and $f(3)=20$.
(B) $f$ is increasing on the interval $[-2,3]$, where $f(-2)=15$ and $f(3)=30$.
(C) $f$ is continuous on the interval $[-2,3]$, where $f(-2)=0$ and $f(3)=20$.
(D) $f$ is continuous on the interval $[-2,3]$, where $f(-2)=15$ and $f(3)=30$.

