Steady State Practice

Check your solutions using the slope field: geogebra.org/m/W7dAdgqc

1. Find the steady states of all the following functions and state their stability a.

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y(3-y)^2$$

b.

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ty - 2t$$

c.

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y(y-1)^2(2-y)(y-3)$$

- 2. Write a differential equation for $\frac{dy}{dt}$ that has the stated steady states a. Stable steady state at y = 5 and unstable steady state at y = 0.

b. Stable steady state at y = -3, a semi-stable steady state y = 4, and unstable steady state at y = 9

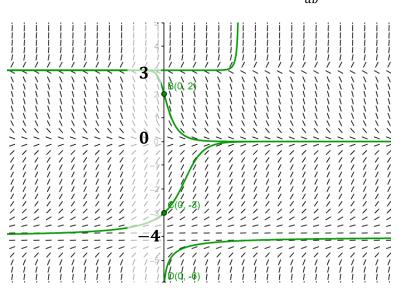
c. Sem-stable steady states at y = 1 and y = 6, stable steady state at y = 2 and unstable steady state at y = -1.

3. A differential equation $\frac{dy}{dt} = f(y)$ has exactly 2 steady states. Show that they cannot both be stable or unstable.

4. Determine the steady states and stability of the following differential equation.

$$\frac{dM}{dr} = \frac{(M^2 - 4)(r+1)}{r^2 + 1}$$

5. From the following slope fields, make a differntial equation that could match it **given the appropriate variables!**



a. The solution curves are for the differential $\frac{dF}{db}$

b. The solution curves are for the differential $\frac{dz}{dx}$

